

C.N. GRIVAS

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up

Way

GRAMMAR BOOK

With

**Speaking, Listening and Writing Tasks
in every Unit.**



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in every Unit.**

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SAMPLE PAGES

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Listen and read.

Teacher: Look, children. **Do you know** what this is?

Students: Yes, Miss. It's a kangaroo.

Teacher: That's right. Now, where **do** kangaroos **live**? Yes, Peter?

Peter: Kangaroos **live** in Australia.

Teacher: Very good. And what **does** a kangaroo **eat**, John?

John: Hmm. I **think** it **eats** small animals.

Katie: No, it doesn't! Kangaroos **don't eat** meat! They **eat** leaves and grass.

Teacher: Well done, Katie!

Simple Present

Κατάφαση

I / You help

He / She / It helps

We / You / They help

Άρνηση

I / You **do not / don't** helpHe / She / It **does not / doesn't** helpWe / You / They **do not / don't** help

Ερώτηση

Do I / you help?**Does** he / she / it help?**Do** we / you / they help?

Σύντομες απαντήσεις

■ *Do you speak German?*● *Yes, I **do**. / No, I **don't**.*■ *Does Stella live in Athens?*● *Yes, she **does**. / No, she **doesn't**.*

Ορθογραφία – Τρίτο ενικό πρόσωπο (he – she – it)

Τα περισσότερα ρήματα παίρνουν απλά **-s** στο τρίτο ενικό πρόσωπο.

I work → he works

I like → he likes

Αλλά:

1 στα ρήματα που τελειώνουν σε **-s, -sh, -ch, -x** ή **-o** βάζουμε **-es**.

I miss → he misses

I wash → he washes

I catch → he catches

I fix → he fixes

I go → he goes

2 στα ρήματα που τελειώνουν σε **σύμφωνο + -y**, βγάζουμε το **-y** και βάζουμε **-ies**.

I study → he studies

I cry → he cries

Αν όμως πριν από το **-y** υπάρχει **φωνήεν**, βάζουμε απλά **-s**.

I stay → he stays

I enjoy → he enjoys

Χρησιμοποιούμε τον **απλό ενεστώτα** για μία πράξη που γίνεται **πάντοτε, συνήθως, συχνά, κάθε μέρα** κλπ.He **walks** to school every day. Where **does** she **work**?

Προσέξτε!

1 Το ρήμα **have** όταν χρησιμοποιείται σε εκφράσεις όπως: **have breakfast / lunch / dinner** (= τρώω), **have coffee / tea** (= πίνω), **have a bath / a shower** (= κάνω), **have fun / a good time** (= περνάω καλά, διασκεδάζω) είναι **κύριο ρήμα** και σχηματίζει **άρνηση** και **ερώτηση** με **do / does**.

She **has** a shower in the morning.She **doesn't have** a shower in the morning.**Does** she **have** a shower in the morning?■ *Do you have eggs for breakfast?*● *Yes, I **do**. / No I **don't**.*2 Δείτε το ρήμα **do**: They **do** their homework after lunch.He **does** the shopping on Fridays.They **don't do** ... **Do** they **do** ... ?He **doesn't do** ... **Does** he **do** ... ?

PRACTICE

1 Complete the table, as in the example. [Συμπλήρωσε τον πίνακα, όπως στο παράδειγμα.]

| | I / you / we / they | | he / she / it | |
|---|---------------------|-------------|-----------------|------------------------|
| | Affirmative | Negative | Affirmative | Negative |
| 1 | <i> speak </i> | don't speak | <i> speaks </i> | <i> doesn't speak </i> |
| 2 | match | | | |
| 3 | | | goes | |
| 4 | buy | | | |
| 5 | | | | doesn't fix |
| 6 | | don't cry | | |
| 7 | do | | | |

2 Write the **affirmative**, **negative** and **question form**. [Γράψε την κατάφαση, την άρνηση και την ερώτηση.]

1 (live)

They *live* in London.
They don't live in London.
Do they live in London?

2 (study)

Harry maths at university.
 maths at university.
 maths at university?

3 (have)

We lunch at one.
 lunch at one.
 lunch at one?

4 (wash)

Lucy her hair every day.
 her hair every day.
 her hair every day?



3 Write **questions** and **short answers**. [Γράψε ερωτήσεις και σύντομες απαντήσεις.]

1 elephants / eat

Do elephants eat meat?
 No, *they don't*.

2 Mona / have

..... a bath every day?
 Yes,

3 Chris / play

..... basketball on Fridays?
 No,

4 the children / go

..... to school on foot?
 Yes,

5 Ed and Anna / wake up

..... early on Sundays?
 No,

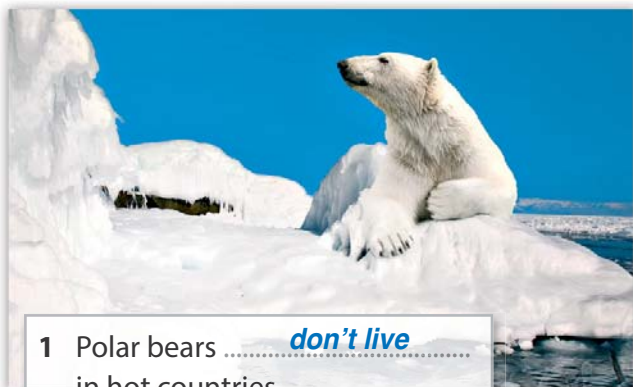
6 it / rain

..... here a lot?
 No,

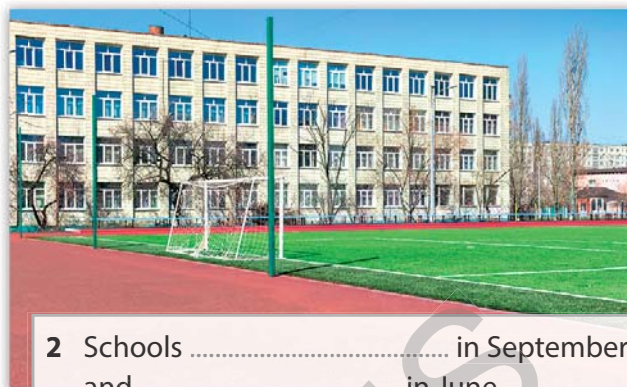
4 Fill in the correct verb from the box in the **affirmative, negative or question form**.

[Βάλε το σωστό ρήμα από το κουτάκι στην **κατάφαση**, την **άρνηση** ή την **ερώτηση**.]

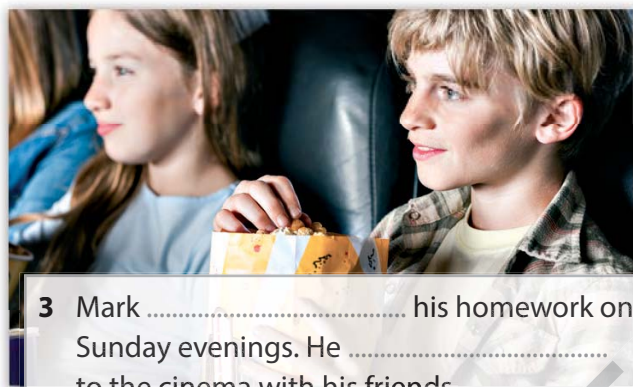
close • go • rain • live • have • open • clean • do



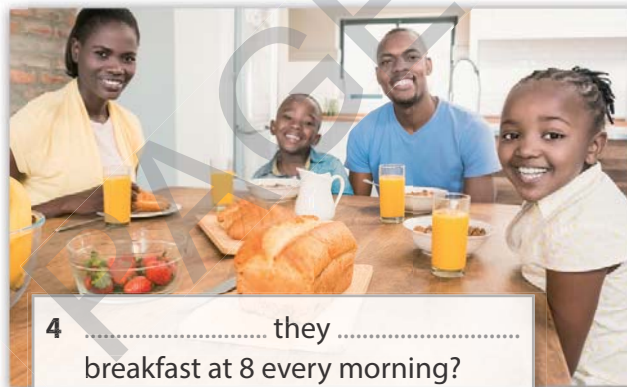
1 Polar bears **don't live** in hot countries.



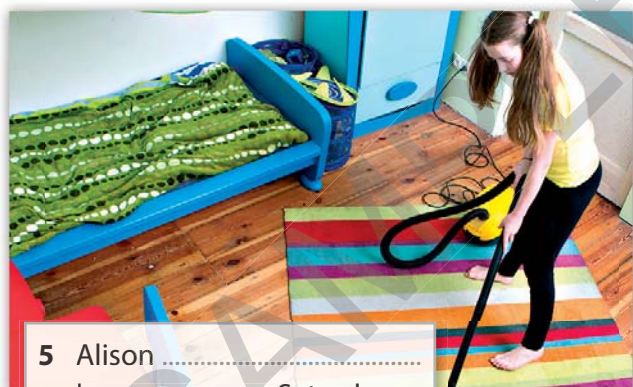
2 Schools in September and in June.



3 Mark his homework on Sunday evenings. He to the cinema with his friends.



4 they breakfast at 8 every morning?



5 Alison her room every Saturday.



6 It a lot in England in winter.

5 Fill in the **simple present**. [Βάλε τον **απλό ενεστώτα**.]

- 1 **Does** your father **drive** (**drive**) you to school every day?
- 2 We (**not have**) tea in the afternoon.
- 3 you (**play**) computer games with your friends?
- 4 Maria (**not speak**) English very well.
- 5 Mum (**tidy**) the living room every day.
- 6 Ron (**watch**) the news on TV every evening.

Adverbs of Frequency (Επιρρήματα Συχνότητας)

Με τον απλό ενεστώτα χρησιμοποιούμε συχνά τις λέξεις **always** (= πάντα), **usually** (= συνήθως), **often** (= συχνά), **sometimes** (= μερικές φορές), **rarely** (= σπάνια) και **never** (= ποτέ). Αυτές οι λέξεις λέγονται **επιρρήματα συχνότητας** γιατί δείχνουν πόσο συχνά συμβαίνει κάτι. Μπαίνουν **πριν** από τα **κύρια ρήματα** αλλά **μετά** τα **βοηθητικά** και το ρήμα **to be**.

Max **always takes** the dog for a walk in the afternoon.

Do you **usually** go out on Saturdays?

Miss Brown's lessons **are never** boring.

6 Look and complete the sentences, using the correct **adverb of frequency**.

[Κοίταξε και συμπλήρωσε τις προτάσεις, χρησιμοποιώντας το σωστό **επίρρημα συχνότητας**.]

always: *****

usually: *****

often: ***

sometimes: **

rarely: *

never: –

- 1 Tina **sometimes eats pizza** for dinner. (eat / pizza / **)
- 2 They on Sundays. (get up / early / –)
- 3 Where on holiday? (you / go / *****)
- 4 It here in spring. (be / cold / *)
- 5 My sister with my homework. (not help / me / ***)
- 6 Henry after meals. (brush / his teeth / *****)

7 Fill in the correct verb in the **simple present**.

[Βάλε το σωστό ρήμα στον **απλό ενεστώτα**.]

go • not go • do • wake • ride • tidy • come • cook

Hi! My name is Matty, and I'm Laura's best friend. Every morning, I (1) **wake** her up, and I help her to get ready for school. I (2) to school with her. I stay at home with her mum. She (3) the house and (4) lunch, and I keep her company. After lunch, Laura always (5) her homework, and then I take her to the park. There, she (6) her bike, and I run after her. When we (7) home, we're usually very tired, so we both (8) straight to bed. As you can all see, I'm a very busy dog.



8 Choose the correct answer. [Διάλεξε τη σωστή απάντηση.]

- 1 What **do you / do you do** on Sundays?
- 2 Alex doesn't **makes / make** his bed in the morning.
- 3 **Have you / Do you have** a shower every day?
- 4 It **is always / always is** cold here in January.
- 5 Tim and Lucy **walk / walks** to school together.
- 6 Do you **eat usually / usually eat** cornflakes for breakfast?
- 7 'Do they live in London?' 'Yes, they **do / live**.'

PRACTICE in:

Speaking



Find out about your partner. Ask and answer questions, as in the example.

[Μάθε για τον συμμαθητή σου. Ρωτήστε και απαντήστε, όπως στο παράδειγμα.]

Ask your partner:

- 1 what time he / she wakes up in the morning
- 2 what he / she usually does in the evening
- 3 if he / she likes sports
- 4 if he / she plays computer games
- 5 where he / she usually goes at the weekend
- 6 if he / she tidies his / her room every day

What time do you wake up in the morning?

I wake up at seven.

Listening



Listen to Jason talking about what he does every day and put the pictures in the correct order.

[Άκουσε τον Jason να λέει τι κάνει κάθε μέρα και βάλε τις εικόνες στη σωστή σειρά.]



Writing

Complete the sentences about you. [Συμπλήρωσε τις προτάσεις για σένα.]

- 1 I always in the morning.
- 2 I often in the evening.
- 3 I usually on Saturdays.
- 4 I never at the weekend.
- 5 I sometimes in the summer.
- 6 I rarely in the winter.

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